

Tasks:

1. Changes to GameObject class
 - a. **(4 points)** Create an **update** method in Component that takes a float delta-time value. Give it an empty body. Also make a similar method in GameObject that calls the update method of each component¹.
 - b. **(4 points)** Create a **setVisible** (or maybe **setEnabled**?) method in Component. Override this in MeshComponent (and set the entity to not-visible). Create a similar method in GameObject that calls the Component methods for all attached Components.
 - c. **(8 points)** Add a new **setParent** method in GameObject (pass a pointer to a GameObject).
 - i. Make sure to properly detach the scene node before doing this.
 - ii. Give the user the option to preserve the world-space “look” of this object (position, orientation, scale).
 - d. **(4 points)** Add some “relative” transform methods: **rotateWorld**, **rotateLocal**, **translateWorld**, **translateLocal**, and **scale** (this one is always relative to the local axes).
 - i. I’d like the rotate methods to take a degree (float) and axis (Ogre::Vector3) – build the quaternion internally.
 - ii. You might want to overload these methods to take Ogre objects as well – sometimes that’s more convenient.
 - e. **(4 points)** Add some getters too: **getOrientation**, **getPosition**, **getScale** (make one version world-relative and another parent-relative)
 - i. `SceneNode::_getDerivedXYZ` is for world.
2. Create a **GameObjectManager** class
 - a. **(5 points)** Make it a Singleton. Don’t forget the convenience macro and template-specialization of the static member.
 - b. **(3 points)** Create and destroy the Game object manager in the application class.
 - c. **(6 points)** Ensure only the GOM can create instances of GO’s (a factory)
 - i. Make the GO constructor and destructor protected
 - ii. Make GOM a friend class.
 - iii. Add a **createGameObject** method.
 - d. **(10 points)** Have a fairly efficient way for the user to group GO’s into named groups
 - i. The GO’s in each group should be destroyable / hideable as a group (have a method to do this). You might also have to modify the GameObject (and Component / MeshComponent?) to support this.
 - ii. **(maybe bonus points)** Allow more than one level in this hierarchy.
 - e. (there might be bonus points for **“fancy” features or elegant design**)
3. Create a simple “game” in our application class²
 - a. **(1 point)** Misc: Enable shadows (insert this in your startup routine – it’ll help show depth):



```
mSceneManager->setShadowTechnique(Ogre::SHADOWTYPE_STENCIL_MODULATIVE);
mSceneManager->setAmbientLight(Ogre::ColourValue);
```

¹ Why? In later labs, we’ll add more functionality to our MeshComponent (e.g. animation). Other components must be updated every frame. But...if a component has no need for this, they simply don’t re-define the update method.

² We’re going to make a super-simple “game” in our application class. Later in the course (and 3802), we’ll replace this C++-style of game-creation with scripting support.

- b. (20 points) Scene setup (see the demo: get it as close as humanly possible)
 - c. (20 points) Run-time changes:
 - i. 'P' to change the parent of the spinning ogre head, preserving world-space "look"
 - ii. 'H' to hide the bullets (use our GOM method)
 - iii. fire a bullet every so often. Give each a random time to live and speed.
 - d. **IMPORTANT: NO TRIG!!!** (everything should be done through the scene hierarchy)
4. Here's a demo of my running lab5: <https://youtu.be/e3iAjhthGrE>
 5. (? points) We'll discuss this in class – maybe give the option of making some more components (Camera and Light?) Or...do we want to do that in a dedicated lab?
 6. Just turn in your source and include files on blackboard (-5 for forgetting files...)